

Plasmon-8, 81

Yu.Ushenin



Table of Contents

Foreword	0
Part I SPRHelp, contents	4
Part II System requirements	4
Part III Working with program	5
1 Measurement modes.....	5
Single measurement	5
Kinetic	6
Managing Channel.....	6
Multiple measurement.....	6
Slope	7
Calibration	8
Adjustment mode	9
Subsidiary channel	9
Subsidiary Calibration.....	9
Pause	10
Stop	10
Kinetics Restart	10
2 Main window.....	11
Menu	11
Control buttons	12
Toolbars setup	13
Status bar	13
3 Set options.....	15
MultipleOptions	15
SlopeOptions	16
SingleOptions	17
ServiceOptions	17
AdvancedOptions	18
MonitorOptions	19
4 Pump control.....	19
Pumps programming	20
5 Monitoring.....	21
6 Restart.....	22
7 Device information.....	23
8 ComandLine.....	23
9 Close.....	23
Part IV Working with experimental data	24
1 Data processing	24
2 Data presentation.....	26
SPR1 window	27

ClearSPR1	28
SPR2 window	28
Subsidiary window	29
Notes window	29
View window	30
Monitor window	30
Pop-up Menu	30
SPR1 window pop-up menu.....	31
SPR2 window pop-up menu.....	31
Subsidiary window pop-up menu.....	32
View window pop-up menu.....	32
3 Data saving.....	33
Save as	33
Auto Save	33
Copy Clipboard	34
Print graphic	34
4 Data files format.....	35
5 Open files.....	36
6 Open automatically saved files.....	36
 Index	 38

1 SPRHelp, contents

Table of contents

- [System requirements](#)
- [Measurement modes](#)
- [Angle calibration](#)
- [Adjustment mode](#)
- [Subsidiary channel](#)
- [Main window](#)
- [Menu](#)
- [Pop-up menus](#)
- [Control buttons](#)
- [Status bar](#)
- [Set options](#)
- [Pump control](#)
- [Monitoring and thermal stabilization](#)
- [Device information](#)
- [Data processing](#)
- [Data presentation](#)
- [Data saving](#)
- [Automatic data saving](#)
- [Data reading](#)
- [Close](#)
- [Command line](#)

Click on the **highlighted** text for more information about each item.

2 System requirements

System requirements

Supported operating systems: Windows 95/98/Me/XP/7 (32 bit).

PC configuration for normal device and program operation:

CPU frequency – no less than 1000 MHz.

Standard COM port or USB (depends on device modification).

100 MB of free disk space.

Mouse.


Note: Device will work at lower CPU frequencies but operation stability decreases.

3 Working with program

Enter topic text here.


3.1 Measurement modes

Measurement modes

 [Single measurement](#) – single-stage measurement.


 [Kinetic measurements](#) – kinetic measurements.

 [Multiple measurement](#) – reiterated measurement.

 [Slope](#) – measurement of signal intensity on the slope of the curve.


 [Subsidiary channel](#) – subsidiary channel for the external signal measurement.

 [Angle calibration](#).

 [Stop](#) – measurement termination.


 [Pause](#) – measurement pause/resumption.

 [Adjustment](#) – adjustment of the instrument.

 [Kinetics Start](#) – start of the kinetics measurement.

3.1.1 Single measurement

Single measurement

 Current software version supports simultaneous measurements in at most 8 channels. **Single** mode is intended for selection of 8 photodiodes from available 32 ones of photoreceiver line, which signals will correspond to 8 measurement channels during kinetic measurements.

After turning this mode on SPR curves for all 32 device photodetectors are measured. Measurement of the SPR curves are carried out within the angular range specified by the **Max angle, degree** option and in the angular coordinates specified by the **Absolute angle-Angle in air-Angle in glass** options. Measurement results are displayed as 32 curves in a window entitled SPR 1. Elements in the left part of the window that control curves display are helpful in making out the relation between a curve and a photodetector.

Note: If a Detail mode is turned on, measurement photodetectors that were selected previously are automatically marked.

Additionally, if a mouse pointer is hovered over any curve and a mouse click is performed while cursor is hand-like, a number of corresponding photodetector will be displayed near the mouse pointer.

Up to 8 photodetectors are chosen by 32 curves, which signals will subsequently correspond to measurement channels. If one presses the Set Spots button, a panel will show up in the right part of the window with eight pairs of elements that allow appointing necessary photodetectors for each of 8 channels. Top element in a pair is intended for selection of a photodetector for a measurement channel, while bottom one defines a Reference for it. A “0” option of bottom element means that a Reference is absent. A “0” option of top element means that this channel is inactive during


measurements. Photodetectors can be selected by the user manually or automatically by pressing the **Auto** button in the lower part of Set Spots panel. In the automatic selection mode channels with the deepest minima are chosen, and this selection can be altered manually. All modifications made on the Set Spots panel are saved immediately.

The results can be saved to file in text or graphic format (see [Save file](#)), copied to clipboard ([Copy Clipboard](#)) or printed ([Print graphics](#)).

Note: Measurement in this mode should not be interrupted until it is finished to avoid program errors later on.

3.1.2 Kinetic


Kinetic measurements

 Multiple mode ▾

3 kinetic measurement modes are provided in the device:

- Reiterated full SPR curve measurements mode – [Multiple measurement](#).
- Mode of measurements without mechanical rotation of the prism (measurements on the slope) – [Slope](#).

In first two modes the SPR curve (or its part) is measured periodically, the angular position of the minimum of this curve is found and its value is plotted on the kinetic curve versus time. During measurements in the Slope mode the scanning part of the device is fixed at the specified position corresponding to the specified point on the SPR curve slope and the dependence of, for example, reflected radiation intensity level in ADC counts on time is displayed on the kinetic curve.

The main (left) field of the  button turns on kinetic measurements in the specified mode. It is possible to specify the measurements mode and set up options corresponding to the selected mode in two ways:

- press the right field of the toolbar (with down arrow) or
- invoke the pop-up menu using the left mouse button.

In both cases the menu consisting of 4 items will drop down. First three of them are intended for selection of the kinetic measurement mode, and the fourth is intended for calling the [set options](#) window for the selected mode.

3.1.2.1 Managing Channel

Managing Channel set-up




Selection of the managing channel implies the selection of the channel by the signal of which the system is positioned for the measurement in the [Slope](#) mode. It is possible to select the managing channel in the **Managing Channel** window, which is automatically opened after the initial measurement of the whole SPR curves in channels that have been selected previously in the **Single** mode.

Managing channel selection can be performed in the left panel of the window.

3.1.2.2 Multiple measurement

Multiple measurements

 Periodic measurement of the SPR curves (in the same way as in the [Single measurement](#) mode) for previously selected channels (Spots) in the **Single** mode and their kinetics plotting.

SPR curves for every measurement are displayed in the SPR 1 window. For every channel the angular position of the minimum is found. If the minimum is found, its position is displayed on the plot in the window entitled **SPR 2**. If the minimum is not found, a corresponding message is displayed in the **SPR 1** window, and a corresponding point is omitted in the **SPR 2** window (see [Data presentation](#)). One measurement is considered as a measurement of all 8 channels (spots). Measurement period is specified by the **Period, s** parameter in options. If the prescribed value of the **Period, s** element is less than the time required for the single measurement, then the measurements will be performed continuously.

Kinetic data displayed in the **SPR 2** window can be averaged over the specified point number and processed by peak filter according to the **Peak-filter** and **Averaging** options.

The results can be saved to file in text or graphic format (see [Save file](#)), copied to clipboard ([Copy Clipboard](#)) or printed ([Print graphics](#)).


Additionally, the SPR curves can be saved in text files directly in the course of the measurement in the [Automatic data saving](#) mode.

The measurement process can be interrupted by sending the [Pause](#) command or terminated by pressing the [Stop](#) button. In the latter case, the last measured point data may be lost.

Maximal continuous measurement time depends on several parameters; first of all, it depends on the angular scan range (**Max angle, degree**). With increase of the angular scan range the measurement time increases. The maximum continuous measurement time for the angular scan range of 5 degrees is 8 hours.

3.1.2.3 Slope

Slope mode

 Measurement for previously selected channels (Spots) in the **Single** mode and their kinetics plotting.

In this mode measurements are carried out without mechanical rotation of the measurement prism and are characterized by high speed of operation and low noise level.

Operation in this mode begins with the first measurement performed in the same way, as in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode and the [Managing Channel](#) window for selection of the managing channel is opened. Then, if the **50%** element ([Options](#)) is selected, the measurement prism is positioned at the angle, which the signal corresponds to the half of the height of the managing channel SPR curve left slope at, and the measurement begins. If the **Pointer** element is selected, user can select the point on the curve by dragging the marker that appears in the **SPR1** window with the left mouse button pressed. Then the measurement prism is positioned corresponding to selected point and the measurement begins.

The measurement consists in reading the signals in the enabled channels, processing these signals and displaying them in the window entitled **SPR 2** when the prism position is fixed. Then the instrument waits for the time specified by the **Delay, s** element and the process is repeated.

Processing of signals and their representation depends on the representation mode selected in the **Options** window. Three choices are possible; they can be selected by the corresponding element: **Axis in rel.units**, **Axis in grad.corr** or **Axis in degree**. If the **Axis in rel.units** element is selected, signal levels (in ADC code units) are used as the kinetics points. If the **Axis in grad.corr** element is selected, values of the signals are multiplied by the gradients of the corresponding SPR curves. This allows comparing signals from different channels more correctly. If the **Axis in degree** element is selected, values of the signals are converted into the effective minimum angular position change and kinetics is displayed in angular units. Measurement units can be changed via the SPR 2 window pop-up menu.

The kinetic data obtained can be additionally processed depending on the **Peak-filter** and **Averaging** options.

The results can be saved to file in text or graphic format (see [Save file](#)), copied to clipboard ([Copy Clipboard](#)) or printed ([Print graphics](#)).


Additionally, the SPR curves can be saved in text files directly in the course of the measurement in the [Automatic data saving](#) mode.

The measurement process can be interrupted by sending the [Pause](#) command or terminated by pressing the [Stop](#) button. In the latter case, the last measured point data may be lost.

Maximal continuous measurement time depends on the **Delay, 0,1s** option and e.g. for delay of 10 s it equals about 24 hours. Maximal continuous measurement time is calculated and indicated before the beginning of the measurement in the **Reminder** window.

3.1.3 Calibration

Angular calibration

 It is necessary to know absolute values of angle of incidence of light for certain calculations. For absolute angles determination a built-in calibration reference point is present in the device. Angular position of the reference point is located near from the position of normal incidence of light on the prism and it can be determined precisely during device adjustment by the manufacturer as a device calibration correction.

System calibration is the process of associating the angular sweep system to the built-in calibration reference point. Calibration should be carried out each time after changing the prism or any modification of its position (e.g. by preset ring).

Calibration mode can be turned on by selecting the **Measurement/Calibration** menu item or by pressing the **Device calibration** button in the main window.

During the calibration, the special mode for measurement of the reference point signal is established and the system position in the moment of the maximum reference point signal is determined. The reference point signal is drawn in the **SPR 1** window, and the calculated position of its maximum is shown by the vertical line and the text is outputted, e.g. "0"=607 a.m., in the same place. It means that the angle of incidence of light on the input prism face equals zero when the device rotation angle equals to 607 angular minutes. The passport correction for true angular reference point position is taken into account automatically.


System stores the determined calibration value and uses it for the calculation of angles of incidence of light in **Absolute angle** modes (see [DataProcessing](#)). If a device calibration was not carried

out, the system will use an old calibration value without any warning.

Note: An instrumental calibration correction is saved to the “DeviceDat.dat” file, which the instrument is supplied with, and it is read out automatically on the first program start.

3.1.4 Adjustment mode

Adjustment mode


 The adjustment mode can be switched on from the **Tools/Adjustment** menu or by pressing the “**Adjustment**” button. In this mode the signal intensities in all measurement channels are monitored periodically and their values are displayed as a horizontal color bar chart diagram in the main window. This process lasts for several minutes and then switches off automatically. It can be also terminated by pressing the [Stop](#) button or by pressing the “**Adjustment**” button again.

This mode is convenient for device testing and adjustment purposes.

Note: The indication is carried out for all channels, even for those that are not used in the current device model.

3.1.5 Subsidiary channel

Subsidiary channel

 Subsidiary channel is intended for measurement and representation of the user’s external signal voltage. The measured range is -5V...+5V.

The subsidiary channel can be operated in two different modes: in the independent mode and in the synchronous mode. During operation in the first mode, the measurement is performed periodically after a period of time specified by the timer. In this mode the measurement starts immediately after the window is opened. In the second mode the measurement in the subsidiary channel is performed simultaneously with the SPR kinetics measurement. It means that the measurement is performed when the next kinetics points series is determined (the minimum positions in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode or the signal measurements in the [Slope](#) mode).


Note: The independent measurement mode is available only during the stand-alone operation of the subsidiary channel. If any mode of kinetics measurement has been switched on, the synchronous mode will be automatically switched on.

It is possible to control the Subsidiary window and mode via the [Pop-up menu](#) and from the **Subsidiary** panel on the **Advanced** page in the **Options** window.


Note: Inaccuracy of the measurement of the internal signal can be reduced by executing the accurate [Subsidiary channel calibration](#).

3.1.5.1 Subsidiary Calibration

Subsidiary channel calibration


 Calibration of the subsidiary channel consists in determination of precise values of amplification factor and position of the zero line of the channel.

To perform the calibration, proceed as follows:

1. Switch the channel on in the independent mode by pressing the  button in the main window.
2. Short-circuit the wires corresponding to the input signal of the subsidiary channel and wait for some time while the zero line is drawn.
3. Connect the constant-current source with known voltage to the channel input and wait for some time while the line corresponding to this voltage is drawn.
4. Interrupt the measurement by selecting the **Independence** item in the pop-up menu. Changing the [curve scale](#), determine the applied voltage value as a difference between the signal and zero line levels. Divide the real applied voltage by this value and obtain the **k1** coefficient.
5. Open the **Options** window on the **Advanced** page, read the amplification coefficient value **k** from the **Amplification** window and replace it with a new value calculated as the **k*k1**.
6. Short-circuit the wires corresponding to the input signal of the subsidiary channel and wait for some time while the zero line is drawn.
7. Determine the precise **p1** value, which corresponds to the “0” input voltage.
8. Open the **Options** window on the **Advanced** page, read the pedestal value **p** from the **Pedestal, V** window and replace it with a new value calculated as **p-p1**.

3.1.6 Pause

Pause

 The pause is switched on/off by pressing the **Pause** button or the “**Ctrl**” + “**P**” keys in the keyboard. This mode is intended for the temporary measurement interruption. It is useful when the examination of the data already obtained is desired, to switch to another application and so on.


Switching on the Pause mode is indicated by change of the button image color.

It is recommended to use this mode also when making some commutations, changing options etc.

Note: If the Pause mode is switched on during the kinetics measurement, then program operation interrupts but the measurement time count continues.

3.1.7 Stop

Stop

-  Kinetics measurements can be stopped automatically or by user depending on the selected options. They can be interrupted at any time by pressing the button or by sending the **Stop** command from the main menu. After pressing the button, the interruption may not occur immediately because the system may need some time to stop the operation correctly.

Information corresponding to the last measured point may be lost when the **Stop** command is used.

3.1.8 Kinetics Restart

Kinetics Restart

-  – press this button to start kinetics measurement. This button is active only when the kinetics

measurement mode is switched on ([Multiple measurement](#) or [Slope](#) modes). This button is intended to begin the kinetics measurement after some preparatory stage.

If this button is pressed, the kinetics measurement timer is zeroed and the SPR2 and Subsidiary windows are cleared. The previously measured kinetics data will be lost.

Pressing this button is equivalent to switching off and then switching on the kinetics measurement mode.

3.2 Main window

Main window



When the program starts, it detects and initializes the instrument and after that opens up the Main window of the program.

The Main window contains main [Menu](#), [toolbars](#) with [Control buttons](#) below the menu and [Status bar](#) at the bottom of the window.

Middle part of the window is empty just after start of the program. Windows with plots of the measurement results will be located here (see [Data presentation](#)).

[Menu](#) has standard appearance, structure and functioning.

Position and structure of toolbars that contain [Control buttons](#) can be adjusted by user. Structure of toolbars set up by user is stored automatically.

[Status bar](#) as well as Menu and Buttons serves as active control element. Most of its functions are duplicated by menu items, buttons and control options.

Note: The main window current size and position are stored by the system. You can resize or drag the main window to any desirable position, and this size and position will be reproduced when you run the program next time.

3.2.1 Menu

Menu



Almost all menu functions are duplicated by the main window [buttons](#) or by the [pop-up menu](#) commands; these functions are described in their descriptions, with the exception of the following ones:

Tools/Customize – adjustment of [toolbars](#).

Tools/Set device – records instrument data contained in the “deviceDat.dat” file to the system registry and allows reinstalling the port the instrument is connected to.

Window/SPR1 in New Windows – if this element is selected, each measured SPR curve is plotted in a separate window.

Window/Notes – calls and opens/closes the [Notes](#) window.

Window/View – calls and opens the [View](#) review window.

Window/Align – windows arrangement control.

Window/Style – adjustment of main menu and control buttons menu style.

- Help/Help – connects this HELP-file (it is connected by default).
- Help/Help Hardware – connects the instrument HELP-file.
- Help/About – information about the program and device controller.






3.2.2 Control buttons

Control buttons









Control buttons are normally located in 4 [customizable toolbars](#) which are situated in the top part of the main window.

Initially, buttons are located in the following order:








Toolbar 1 contains:

-  [Open file](#) – read text files.
-  [Save file](#) – save data in a file.
-  [AutoSave](#) – enable automatic data saving in a text file.
-  [Copy Clipboard](#) – copy data into system Clipboard.
-  [Print graphics](#) – copy plot to the printer.

Toolbar 2 contains:


-  [Single measurement](#) – start single-stage measurement.
-  [Kinetics measurement](#) – start kinetics measurement, measurement type selection.
-  [Multiple measurement](#) – start reiterated measurement.
-  [Slope](#) – start measurement of signal intensity on the slope of the SPR curve.
-  [Subsidiary channel](#) – subsidiary channel enabled.
-  [ClearSPR1](#) – clear the SPR1 window.
-  [Stop](#) – terminate the measurement.
-  [Restart](#) – set-up initial position.

Toolbar 3 contains:

-  [Set options](#) – set-up parameters.
-  [Pause](#) – pause/resume the measurement.
-  [Adjustment](#) – enter the instrument adjustment mode.
-  [Calibration](#) – start calibration of absolute angles measurement.
-  [Pumps](#) – control the probe pumping system.
-  open/close the [Monitor window](#) intended for the monitoring of temperatures and device power supply voltage.
-  [Kinetics Start](#) – start the kinetics measurement.

Toolbar 4 contains:

- [Save&Exit](#) – finish device operation.

 Help – call help files.

Toolbars setup

3.2.3 Toolbars setup

Toolbars setup

[Control buttons](#) are normally located in 4 customizable toolbars in the top part of the main window. Toolbars adjustment is carried out in the **Customize** dialog window, which is opened from the **Tools/Customize** menu of the main window. Furthermore, it is possible to hide or show buttons that appear in each panel. To do this, click on the right field of the toolbar (down arrow) and check or uncheck the flag opposite to the button of interest in the drop-down window. **Customize** dialog window contains the following pages: **Toolbars, Actions, Options**.

The **Toolbars** page contains the **Toolbars** panel, which elements for turning on/off the **atbFile, atbMeasurement, atbTools, atbExit, atbAdjustment** toolbars in the main window of the program are located on. To turn on/off either toolbar it is necessary to check or uncheck the corresponding flag. This page also contains the **ToolbarOptions** panel which allows turning on captions of correspondent buttons for the selected toolbar or all toolbars if the **Apply caption options to all toolbars** flag is checked.

The **Actions** page contains the **Categories** and **Actions** panels. These panels allow every user of the program to adjust toolbars. Namely, user can pick only the buttons that he needs in the toolbar. To do this, select the category of interest from the **Categories** panel, and elements related to this category will be shown in the **Actions** panel at that. Then choose the element from the **Actions** panel by clicking it with left mouse button and drag it to the desired toolbar of the main window while holding the mouse button.

The **Options** page contains the **Personalized Menus and Toolbars** and **Other** panels. If the **Menu show recently used items first** flag in the **Personalized Menus and Toolbars** panel is checked, then the first button in the toolbar will be the one that was used last in the latter operation session. The **Other** panel allows switching to large toolbar button icons when the **Large icons** flag is checked, and controlling switching on/off the pop-up prompts that appear when the mouse pointer is pointed at the button symbol in the toolbar.

3.2.4 Status bar

Status bar



The Status bar is an active control element. It is intended not only to inform about the operation modes that are currently turned on, but also to set up and modify some of them. That partially duplicates controls in the [Set options](#) window.

The Status bar consists of 8 fields, first and eighth of which are intended for indication only, while the rest of them are used for both indication and modification of corresponding modes. To switch between the different modes, click on corresponding field in the status bar. At that, the inscription in the string field will change, and the appearance of the field may change. Status bar fields and their destinations are listed below.

1. This field indicates the current operation mode.
2. Indicates and modifies the light angle-of-incidence calculation and presentation method:
Relative angles – angle displayed corresponds to the turning angle of the prism table with reference to its initial position;
Absolute angles – angle displayed corresponds to the absolute angle of incidence of light. In order for this mode to operate correctly, the [Angle calibration](#) is to be carried out first.
See also [Data processing](#).
3. Specifies absolute angles calculation method:
in glass – angles indicated in the data plots correspond to the angles of incidence of light on the top prism face (in glass);
in air – angles indicated in the data plots correspond to the angles of incidence of light on the input face of the prism. When the beam reflected from the input prism face appears to lie above the incident beam, the angles are considered negative; in the opposite case they are considered positive.
See also [Data processing](#).
4. Enables/disables automatic erasing of the SPR curves in the SPR1 plot. Available only when the **SPR1 in New Windows** mode is turned off:
n_Clear – all measured SPR curves are displayed;
Clear – on plotting every sixteenth SPR curve the window is cleared, and then the next 16 curves are plotted, the window is cleared and so on.
Note 1: The window can be cleared at any time by pressing the **Clear SPR1** button.
Note 2: **Attention!** Continuous operation without window clearing leads to computer memory overflow and may cause measurement termination.
5. Indicates and controls processing of kinetics curve data (SPR2) for the [Multiple measurement](#) and [Slope](#) operation modes. Options for data processing modes can be adjusted in the [Set options](#)\Data processing window.
None – data processing is switched off;
Peak – single spike filter (peak-filter) mode is switched on;
Peak+Aver – peak-filter and data averaging modes are switched on;
Aver x. – data averaging mode is switched on, averaging is executed by **x** points.
6. Indicates and controls the plot scale of the OY axis for kinetic plot in the SPR2 window:
Auto – OY axis scale in the SPR 2 window is selected automatically. This is the default mode;
Link – OY axis scale in the SPR 2 window is dependent on the SPR 1 window scale so that with changing of the plot scale in the SPR 1 window the OY axis scale in the SPR 2 window is changed automatically;
Fix – previously adjusted OY axis scale (e.g. in **Link** mode) is kept.
7. Indicates and controls the method of determination of the SPR curve minimum:
Abs – determination of the absolute minimum of the SPR curve.
Parab – method of approximating the SPR curve by the parabola; minimum position is then calculated for this approximate function.
See also [Data processing](#).
8. This field is used by the [automatic data saving](#) to the files. It displays the name of the last data file saved.

All operation modes displayed and accessible for changing in the status bar can be also switched on/off using control elements in the [Set options](#) window that can be activated by the [Options](#) button or

from the **Options** menu item. Some modes can be managed from the [Pop-up menus](#).

3.3 Set options

Set options



Setting of the options is executed in the “Options” dialog window. This window is activated by the “**Set Options**” button or the “**Options/Set Options**” menu item.

It is possible to set up options related to kinetic measurements by pressing the right field (down arrow) of the [Kinetic measurements](#) button in the second toolbar. At that, a menu will drop down; select the **Options Kinetic** menu item and the **Options** dialog window which contains pages related to kinetic measurements will open.

The “**Options**” window elements are located on 6 pages:

- The [Multiple](#) page contains device adjustment elements for operation in the multiple SPR-curve measurement [Multiple measurement](#) mode.
- The [Slope](#) page contains device adjustment elements for operation in the [Slope](#) mode without mechanical rotation of the measurement prism.
- The [Single](#) page contains device adjustment elements for operation in the single curve measurement [Single measurement](#) mode.
- The [Service](#) page contains control elements for data representation windows color appearance and control elements for sound accompaniment of the measurements.
- The [Advanced](#) page contains elements that assign parameters of the device optical part and subsidiary channel control elements.
- The [Monitor](#) page contains elements for control and management of the temperature and device power supply.

Most of the changes made take effect after pressing the “**OK**” button. Changes of some options are immediately sent to program; control elements of these options are highlighted with green color.

The “**Default**” button is intended for recovery of the default options values.

It is recommended to change options before beginning of the measurement. Options change during the measurement may lead to unpredictable results. Options which can be changed during the measurement can be managed using the [Status bar](#) or [Pop-up menu](#).

3.3.1 MultipleOptions

Multiple page



The **Multiple** page in the **Options** window is intended for **Multiple** mode options setup and contains the following control elements:

Max angle, degree – specifies the prism angular rotation range when operating in the [Single measurement](#) and [Multiple measurement](#) modes and when searching for the operating point before measurement in the [Slope](#) mode.

Period, s – specifies the measurement period duration in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode. If the period specified is less than the time required for the measurement of one point, the measurements will be executed continuously.

Show Reference – when this flag *is set*, then not only main measurement channels, but also channels used as Reference will be displayed in the SPR2 window.

The **Line width** element specifies the width of the lines which are used for plotting.

For SPR1 window:

Refresh Minimum – if this flag *is set*, the last values of the minima will be marked on the plots and the previous ones will be cleared. If this flag is *not set*, all old values will remain;

SPR1 Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is to the right of the plots.

For SPR2 window:

Peak-filter – switches on/off the single peak filtration mode for the kinetics curve;

Averaging – switches on/off the data averaging mode. The number of points averaged is determined by the **Number of points** element;

Init. Device – when this flag is set, then before each SPR curve measurement the mechanical system of the instrument is returned to its initial position;

SPR2 Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is right of the plots.

The **AutoSave** panel is intended for managing automatic saving of experimental data during the operation. The **SPR 1** element switches on/off the [Automatic data saving](#) mode for SPR1 window, and the **SPR 2** element switches on/off kinetics autosaving (for SPR2 and Subsidiary windows). If one switches the SPR2 autosaving on, then the **Period, min** element is activated. This element specifies the autosave period for the SPR2 and Subsidiary windows. On default the kinetics (the SPR2 window) is saved to the “SPR2.sp2” file. The file name can be modified after pressing the **File** button.

3.3.2 SlopeOptions

Slope page



The **Slope** page is intended to set up options for the [Slope](#) mode and contains the following control elements:

Delay, 0,1s – specifies the interval between the measurements;

Show Reference – when this flag *is set*, then not only main measurement channels, but also channels used as Reference will be displayed in the SPR2 window.

The **Line width** element specifies the width of the lines which are used for plotting.

For SPR2 window:

These three elements determine the method of calculation and presentation of the kinetics:

Axis in rel.units – kinetics is displayed in ADC code units (relative units);

Axis in grad.corr – kinetics is displayed in ADC code units but the values are corrected during the calculation by taking into consideration the SPR curve slope at the measurement point;

Axis in degree – during the calculation ADC code values are recalculated into the effective angle change and kinetics is displayed in angular units.

These two elements determine the point on the SPR curve at which the measurement is executed:

50% – before the start of the measurement mechanical system of the instrument is automatically set into position corresponding to a half of the altitude of the SPR curve left slope;

Pointer – program allows the user to select the position of the mechanical system by dragging the marker in the SPR1 window to prescribed position (when the left mouse button is pressed).

Peak-filter – switches on/off the single peak filtration mode for the kinetics curve;

Averaging – switches on/off the data averaging mode. The time interval during which the obtained

points are averaged is determined by the **Averaging time, s** element;

SPR2 Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is right of the plots.

The **AutoSave** panel is intended for managing automatic saving of experimental data during the operation. The **SPR 1** element switches on/off the [Automatic data saving](#) mode for SPR1 window, and the **SPR 2** element switches on/off kinetics autosaving (for SPR2 and Subsidiary windows). If one switches the SPR2 autosaving on, then the **Period, min** element is activated. This element specifies the autosave period for the SPR2 and Subsidiary windows. On default the kinetics (the SPR2 window) is saved to the “SPR2.sp2” file. The file name can be modified after pressing the **File** button.

3.3.3 SingleOptions

Single page



The **Single** page is intended to set up options for the [Single](#) mode and contains the following control elements:

Max angle, degree – specifies the angular prism rotation range;

Auto Clear SPR1 – allows/forbids automatic curves clearing in the SPR1 window. It works only if the **SPR1 in New Windows** mode is turned off. No more than 16 curves will be output into the plot if the **Auto Clear SPR1** mode is turned on.

It is also possible to switch this mode on/off via the [Status bar](#).

The **Line width** element specifies the width of the lines which are used for plotting.

SPR1 Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is right of the plots;

Averaging – switches on/off the data averaging mode. The number of points averaged is determined by the **Number of points** element;

Decimation – switches on/off the mode of the SPR curve “decimation”; if this mode is switched on and a value of **n** is set in the **Number of points** window, then saving SPR curve to file results in saving only **n** points that are uniformly picked from the measured array of points.

The **Drawing acceleration** element allows to control the speed of the SPR1 curve representation. Increase in speed is achieved by plotting not all of the measured points (but all of the measured points are taken into account during the data processing and saving the data to a file).

3.3.4 ServiceOptions

Service page



The **Service** page in the **Options** window contains the following control elements:

The **Color** panel contains control elements that allow specifying color appearance of the [SPR1](#), [SPR2](#), [Subsidiary](#) and [View](#) windows. The window, which colors are being specified for, is selected by the left element.

It is possible to specify the following options for the first three windows:

- The color of the passive window.
- The color of the top part of the active window (Start Color).
- The color of the bottom part of the active window (End Color).

The window will have a gradient color if Start Color and End Color do not coincide.

All changes made are sent to the program immediately.

It is possible to select the color of the passive window only for the **View** window. This window will always have the selected color.

The **Color Default** button allows restoring all colors to default values.

The **Sound** panel contains control elements for managing sound signals that accompany the program operation:

The **Sound On** element switches on/off all sound signals.

The **Start** string contains the following elements:


Control element for switching on/off the sound that accompanies the measurement beginning. If this element is selected, then the button is activated. A sound file can be selected if one clicks on this button. The name of the selected file is displayed in the text field which is located in the middle of the string.

End and **Error** strings are similar and correspond to the end of the measurement and the measurement error, respectively.

The sound that is defined by the **Ring** string is used upon the pumps control.

3.3.5 AdvancedOptions

Advanced page

 The **Advanced** page in the **Options** window contains the following control elements: The **Optics** panel is intended for instrument optical part options setup and contains the following elements:

Prism type – specifies the type of the used prism.

Immers. Refr. Index – specifies the refractive index of the immersion.

Glass Refr. Index – specifies the refractive index of the material of the glass of the sensitive chip with a gold layer.

The program contains the database which contains the following preset parameters:

- four prism types with correspondent refractive indices and working angles,
- two refractive indices of immersion,
- two refractive indices of glass.

If user introduces new values of refractive indices of the immersion or the glass material, these values are added to the database. It is possible to add 3 values of each parameter in such a way. The prism types are predefined and cannot be changed by user.

If user has changed some parameters in this page, then on closing the window by pressing the “**Ok**” button the program calculates and displays the utmost attainable angle of incidence of light from glass onto the active layer.

The **Subsidiary** panel contains control elements for subsidiary channel:

Independence Period – specifies the measurement period during the independent mode of operation;

Peak-filter – switches on/off the single peak filtration mode for the kinetics curve;

Averaging – switches on/off the data averaging mode. The number of points averaged is determined by the **Number of points** element;

Pedestal, V and **Amplification, mV/ru** elements are intended for set-up of amplification factor and position of the base line for the subsidiary channel (see [Subsidiary channel calibration](#));

legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is right of the plots.

The **Device** panel contains the following elements:

PC port – specifies PC port which the instrument is connected to. If this option is set to **Auto**, then the program will try to determine the port automatically.

Position control – switches on/off the mode of programmatic tracking of allowable position of mechanical system of the instrument. It is not recommended to turn On this option.

Data repair automatically – activates (when the flag *is set*) or deactivates (when the flag *is not set*) the procedure of automatic repair of the data that program receives from the instrument. It is not recommended to turn Off this option.

Laser control – activates/deactivates the automatic accounting of laser radiation instability.

Full files names – when this element is selected, full name (including path) of the file, which data were loaded from, will be displayed in the windows captions.

3.3.6 MonitorOptions

Monitor page



The **Monitor** page in the **Options** window contains 3 panels with control elements:

The **Cell temperature, C** panel contains elements for indication of the measured temperature (at the left) and for specifying the cell temperature (at the right).

The **Temperature, C** panel contains elements for indication of the measured temperature (at the left) and for specifying the laser temperature (at the right). This panel is not used in the current device model.

The **Power** panel contains elements for indication of the power supply voltage (at the left) and for specifying the limiting power supply voltage **Alarm set** at which the power supply emergency warning is displayed (at the right).

The **Temper.corr.*1000** element, which allows inputting the cell temperature measurement system correction, is located in the bottom left part.

The instrument serial number is displayed in the bottom right part for reference.

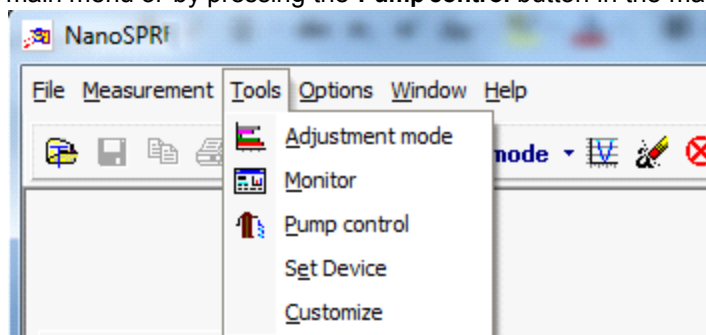
3.4 Pump control

Pump control



The device can be completed with Plasmon-Pump-8 8-channel peristaltic pump for support of probe pumping through the cells. This pump provides pumping velocity in the range of 1 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$..500 $\mu\text{l}/\text{min}$ per one channel.

Pumps management is realized from the “Pump control” window which can be called from the main menu or by pressing the **Pump control** button in the main window.



This window provides the following possibilities:

1. Adjustment of the pumping velocity in the range indicated above.
2. Measurement of the pumped liquid volume.
3. [Pumps operation programming](#).

4. Switching on/off the following modes:
 - Probe pump-out (Drain) mode; this is the operational mode.
 - Accelerated pump-out mode.
 - Pump mode (for a short time).
 - Stop mode.
 - Accelerated pump mode.

Note: It is recommended to carry out measurements with the device in the Drain mode only.

There is an element indicating the current probe volume being pumped in the bottom right corner of the window. It is possible to zero the current value by clicking on this element with mouse.


A button that opens the pumps programming panel is located in the top right corner.

A button that switches the “on top of other windows” mode on is located in the top left corner.

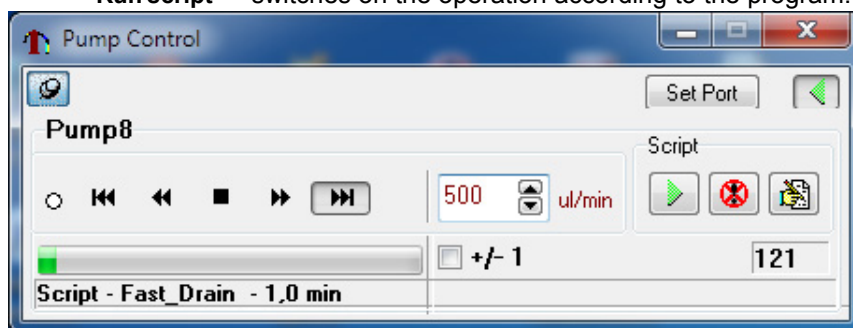
As for the rest, the windows interface is intuitively obvious and self-explanatory.

3.4.1 Pumps programming

Pumps programming

 To program the pumps operation and operate them according to the program it is necessary to call the “Pump control” (or “Rotary Pump control”) [pumps management](#) window from the main menu or by pressing the **Pump control** button. There is a button that opens the pumps programming panels in the top right corner of this window. These panels contain 3 buttons each:

- “Run script” – switches on the operation according to the program.

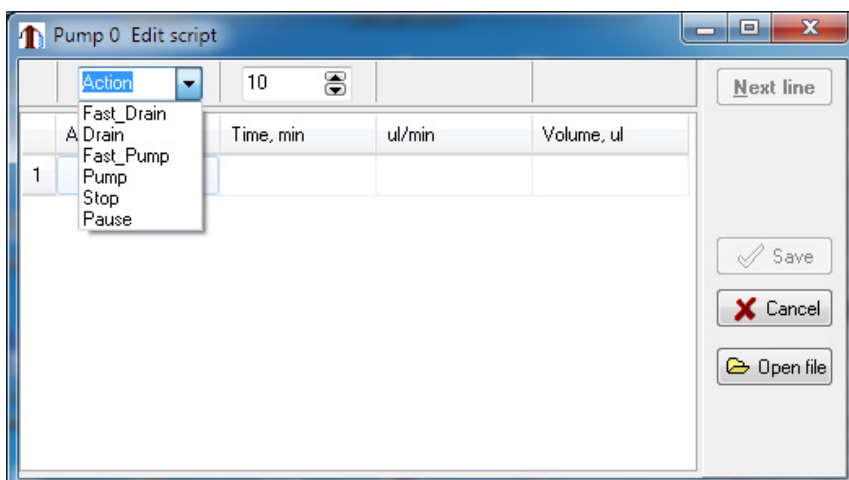


- “Stop script” – stops the operation according to the program.
- “New/Edit script” – allows developing or editing the program.

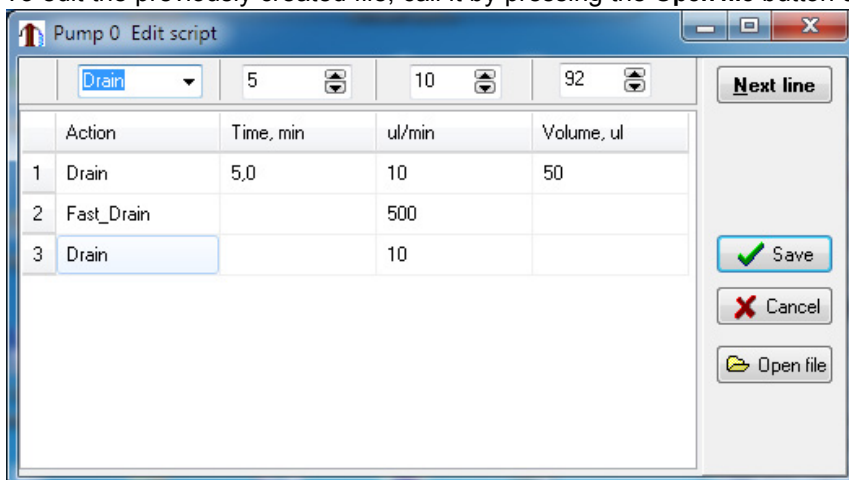
The **Edit script** window is opened upon switching on the development/editing mode.

New program development starts from choosing the required action (Action) by the selection element located in the top service string of the window. The following actions are provided:

- Fast drain – rapid pumping-out.
- Drain – pumping-out. This is the main operation mode which is generally used during the measurements.
- Fast pump – rapid pumping. *For plunger pumps only.* This action is used for syringe evacuation.
- Pump – pumping.
- Stop.
- Pause.




Elements that allow specifying time of operation (min), pumping velocity (ml/min), probe volume (ml) for the selected action are activated in the top service string of the window after selecting an action. After specifying required parameters it is possible to activate the next program string by the pop-up menu item or by pressing the **Next line** button. It is possible to return to previous strings and edit them. To save the created program, choose the **Save** button or the corresponding pop-up menu item. To edit the previously created file, call it by pressing the **Open file** button and edit it.



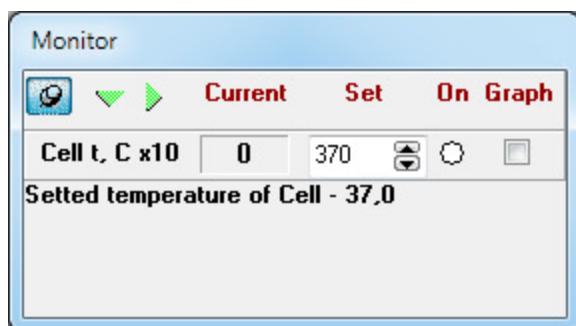
Sample pump script

3.5 Monitoring

Monitoring and stabilization of the temperature

-  The following additional possibilities can be provided in the device:
- Monitoring and stabilization of the cell temperature.
 - Additional monitoring channel and stabilization of the laser temperature.
 - Monitoring of the power supply voltage.

Switching of the monitoring mode on is indicated by periodical red coloring of buttons/indicators in the "On" column of the window.



The monitoring mode is switched on upon the [Monitor](#) window that can be called from the [main menu](#): **Tools/Monitor** or by pressing the **Monitor On/Off** button.

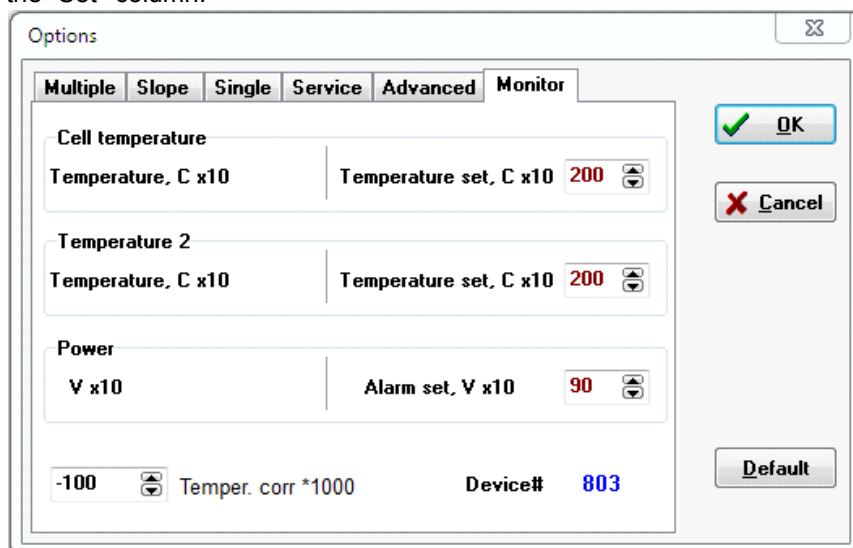
When the monitoring mode is on, the periodical measurements of power supply voltage and temperature of the cell and additional temperature channel are carried out and measured values are displayed in the **Monitor** window. A power supply emergency warning window is displayed upon power voltage decrease to the previously specified value.

The cell temperature stabilization is possible only if the special cell with built-in heater and thermometer is used. Temperature stabilization occurs by means of cell warming so the stabilizable temperature cannot be lower than the ambient temperature.

It is possible to switch the temperature stabilization of the cell and/or additional temperature channel on/off from the **Monitor** window by clicking on the corresponding button/indicator located in the "On" column.


If the **Graph** element has been checked, the **Temperature** window is opened that displays a real-time plot of the investigated liquid temperature.

It is possible to specify the stabilization temperature and power monitoring actuation level from the [Monitor page](#) in the **Options** window or directly from the **Monitor** window using elements located in the "Set" column.



3.6 Restart

Restart

-  Sets the instrument mechanical system to its initial position. This operation is performed automatically on starting the program and it can be repeated using the **Restart** command at any time when the instrument is not carrying out the measurement. It is recommended to execute this operation if the fault in the mechanical system of the instrument is suspected.

Note: With an **Init Device** option turned on in the Multiple page in Options window, **Restart** command will be executed automatically before every measurement.

3.7 Device information

Device information



If the **Options/Advanced** menu item has been selected, the **Advanced** page of the **Options** window is displayed, where one can:

- ? choose the working prism from the suggested list and, if necessary, introduce corrections for its parameters,
- ? choose (or introduce) information about the immersion liquid and the substrate glass.

If there is a theoretical limitation on the maximum angle of incidence of light on the active layer with the introduced parameters, it will be displayed on closing the **Options** window.

If the **Options/Monitor** menu item has been selected, the **Monitor** page is displayed, where device number is indicated.

3.8 ComandLine

Command line

- One parameter can be specified in the command line of the program call.
 - The program accepts two types of the parameters.
 1. If the command line parameter represents a file name that has the **.sp18** or **.sp28** extension, then the program will open this file in the same way as by the [Open file](#) command.
 2. On starting the program, it detects the instrument and checks some instrument parameters. If the instrument is not detected, the error messages are displayed. If the “debug” command line parameter is specified, the program will be executed in a special mode, which allows operation without the instrument with some limitations.

3.9 Close

Close program



To finish the work with the instrument, press the **Save&Exit** button, select the [main menu File/Save&Exit](#) item or press the **F4** key in the keyboard.

The system will request:

- “Save SPR2?” if the SPR2 window was opened but was not saved;
- “Delete AutoConserved files?” if the [Automatic data saving](#) mode was switched on;
- “Save SPR1?” and then close the program.

The program can be also closed by pressing the system close button in the top right corner of the

window; in this case no data saving request will be displayed and certain option settings which were defined during the operation will not be stored.

4 Working with experimental data

Enter topic text here.

4.1 Data processing

Data processing



This instrument is constructed according to the Kretschmann's configuration with measurement of intensity of light reflected from the sample. Angular distribution of intensity of the reflected light is determined during the mechanical rotation of the measuring prism. Precision mechanical system and built-in fine position determining system allow determining absolute angles of incidence of light.

The following information is used during the calculation of absolute angles of incidence:

- The result of angular positioning of the system with respect to the inner reference point (**Zero position**), which is carried out on submitting the [Device calibration](#) command.
- Prism parameters specified by user on the **Advanced** page in the **Device** window.
- Absolute angular position correction of the inner reference point defined by the manufacturer and supplied in the `Devicedat.dat` file.

The angles are recalculated directly in the course of measurements and used for plotting the curves. The following information is used depending on the options setting:

turning angles of the prism table, if the **Relative angle** mode is set;
angles of incidence of light on the input prism face in the **Absolute Angle in Air** mode;
angles of incidence of light on the top prism face in the **Absolute Angle in Glass** mode.

The same angles will be saved in the data file created on submitting the [Save file](#) command or during the files autosave.

Data processing is executed both immediately during the measurements and when processing obtained results.

During the measurements the following information processing is executed.

The investigated process kinetics is determined as the change in the angular position of the minimum of the SPR curve during the measurements in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode. Several methods are used to determine the angular position of the minimum:

Absolute minimum – position of the minimum is calculated as the angular position of the absolute minimum point of the SPR curve. This method is the most reliable and stable, but not very precise.

Parabolic approximation – the SPR curve is approximated to the second-order polynomial function and the minimum of this polynomial function is calculated. It is possible to determine the SPR curve minimum even if the minimum point is out of the measurement range when operating in this mode. This is the most advanced method; it is characterized by the lowest noise of the kinetics curve. This method is defined as default.

Average value – position of the minimum is calculated as the mean value of the centers of several line segments which connect two points that are located at grade on different slopes of the SPR curve. These points are chosen in the vicinity of the minimum.

Cubical approximation – the SPR curve is approximated to the third-order polynomial and the minimum of this polynomial function is calculated. Unfortunately, calculation errors may be sometimes

observed when using this method of the minimum determination.

Some versions of the program also use such a method of the determination of the SPR curve minimum as **Center of Mass**. Stability of this method is also lower than of Parabolic approximation method.

Note: The latter three methods are implemented in some program versions only.

Angular position of the SPR curve minimum can be converted to the equivalent value of refractive index of the medium under investigation during the measurements carried out in the absolute angles mode. This conversion changes kinetic curve representation only. Representation modes can be controlled via the [pop-up menu](#) of the SPR2 window or via the **Options** window of the program.

During the kinetics measurement in the [Slope](#) mode the kinetics is determined as a change of a signal value due to the SPR curve shift when the device mechanical system is fixed. The kinetic curve can be plotted either as a direct signals change (with or without taking into account the SPR curve steepness in the measurement point) or as a result of conversion of a signals values to the equivalent values of the SPR curve minimum shift. Kinetics representation modes, which are described in the previous paragraph, are available in the latter case. The kinetics presentation method can be controlled via the [pop-up menu](#) of the SPR2 window or by the elements in the [Options](#) window:

Axis in rel. units – kinetics is determined as the signals values that are changed due to the SPR curve shift.

Axis in grad. Corr. – kinetics is determined as the signals values that are changed due to the SPR curve shift, taking into account the SPR curve steepness in the measurement point.

Axis in degree – signals change is converted to the equivalent shift of the SPR curve minimum.

Two methods of the **SPR curve** processing are provided.

Averaging – the SPR curve averaging. After switching this mode on, it is necessary to define the number of averaged points **n**. The averaging is made immediately during the measurement and all subsequent operations (such as minimum search, saving data to file etc.) are executed with the averaged values. Thus number of points of the SPR curve is reduced by a factor of **n**.

Decimation – this is the mode of SPR curve “decimation”. After switching this mode on, it is possible to define the number of points **n** that will be saved to file. In this mode only **n** points that are uniformly picked from the measured array of points will be saved to file. This mode affects only the SPR curve saving to file.

Both modes reduce the information quantity that is saved to file. The difference between these modes is that averaging additionally smoothes the SPR curve.

Two methods of the **kinetics curve** processing are provided.

Peak-filter – allows filtrating sizeable single-point peaks on the kinetics curve.

Averaging – switches on/off the data averaging mode. The number of points averaged is determined by **Averaging time, s** and **Number of points** elements.

Number of points – determines the number of points averaged in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode;

Averaging time, s – determines the time interval of the measurement during which the obtained points are averaged. In any case the averaging is executed using the “running window” method.

Switching of the modes on is indicated in the [Status bar](#) in the main window and it can be changed via the Status bar or via the **Options** window.

The subsequent information processing includes the following possibilities.

Service possibilities, which are provided for the data in the **SPR2** window, are described below. These possibilities can be turned on by selecting the corresponding **Tools** submenu item in the [pop-up menu](#) of the **SPR2** window. Only one possibility can be turned on at the same time. The results are displayed in the bottom left corner of the window. All results are presented in the same units the plot is represented in.

- 1) If the **Coordinate** element is selected, the mouse pointer coordinates determination takes place while the mouse pointer moves over the plot.
- 2) If the **Distance** element is selected, the distance between two sequentially specified plot points is determined. The distances along the X and Y coordinates are determined separately.
- 3) If the **Delta Y Line** element is selected, an **Assign first point.** prompt appears in the top left corner of the main window. Following the prompt, it is necessary to press the left mouse button and place the arisen dotted horizontal line at the selected level on the plot. An **Assign second point.** prompt will appear. Following this prompt, it is necessary to specify the second level in the same way as the first. The result will contain the distance between the marked levels along the Y coordinate.
- 4) If the **Delta Y Region** element is selected, the distance between the average values of the points which are included in two selected regions is determined. Each region is defined by two outermost points which are specified by user following the **Assign first point.**, **Assign second point.**, **Assign third point.** and **Assign fourth point.** prompts, correspondingly.
- 5) If the **Gradient** element is selected, the curve gradient between two points, which are specified following the **Assign first point.** and **Assign second point.** prompts, is determined, correspondingly.

Two service possibilities are provided for the data in the **Subsidiary** window. These possibilities can be turned on by selecting the corresponding **Tools** submenu item in the [pop-up menu](#) of the **Subsidiary** window.

- 1) If the **Coordinate** element is selected, the mouse pointer coordinates determination takes place while the mouse pointer moves over the plot.
- 2) If the **Gradient** element is selected, the curve gradient between two points, which are specified following the **Assign first point.** and **Assign second point.** prompts, is determined, correspondingly.

4.2 Data presentation

Data presentation



Presentation of the data measured or opened from the files takes place in five types of **windows**, entitled as **SPR1**, **SPR2**, **Subsidiary**, **Notes** and **View**. Many windows of the **SPR1**, **SPR2** and **Subsidiary** type can be opened simultaneously, but only one window of each type contains data which can be processed. Window arrangement can be controlled via the main menu or via the pop-up menus of these windows themselves.

The [SPR1 window](#) opens in all measurement modes except the stand-alone operation with the subsidiary channel. It is intended for direct display of the SPR curves being measured.

The [SPR2 window](#) opens in all measurement modes except the [Single measurement](#) mode and stand-alone operation with the subsidiary channel. It is intended for presentation of kinetics of the processes.

The [Subsidiary window](#) opens when the [Subsidiary](#) mode is switched on. It is intended for displaying the signal in the subsidiary measurement channel.

The [Notes window](#) is intended for the text user's comments to the measurement process.

The [View window](#) is intended for simultaneous representation of several previously obtained kinetic curves.

The [Monitor window](#) is intended for representation of measured cell and laser temperatures and

source voltage.

The **Timer window** is opened as a separate window if one makes a mouse double-click on the timer indication in the top right corner of the **SPR2** window. If one makes a mouse double-click on the timer window field, the window will disappear and timer indication will return to the **SPR2** window.

Information displayed in the **SPR1**, **SPR2** and **Subsidiary** windows can be saved to file in text and graphic formats (see [Data saving](#)). Additionally, the window can be copied to clipboard ([Copy Clipboard](#)) or printed ([Print graphics](#)).

Information contained in the **Subsidiary** and **Notes** windows is saved automatically when saving information displayed in the **SPR2** window in any text format.

Information displayed in the **View** windows can be saved to file in graphic format ***.bmp** or ***.wmf**, copied to clipboard or printed.

The initially specified curve scale can be changed in all windows in the following way:

- Mark the rectangle with the left mouse button pressed and then release the mouse button. If the rectangle is marked starting from its top left corner, then its contents will “stretch out” into the whole window. This operation can be repeated for many times. If the rectangle is marked starting from **any other** corner, then the plot will restore its initially specified scale.
- With the right mouse button pressed, the plot can be “dragged” in the window to represent different segments of the curves.

With the cursor positioned within the window, the [pop-up menu](#) can be brought up by pressing the right mouse button. This menu contains control elements for the main functions of the window.

The **SPR1**, **SPR2**, **Subsidiary**, **View** and **Notes** windows can display the information previously saved in the text format (see [Open file](#) and [Command Line](#)).

4.2.1 SPR1 window

SPR1 window



Windows of this type open automatically when it is necessary.

The **SPR1 window** is used in all measurement modes except the stand-alone operation with the subsidiary channel. It is intended for presentation of measured SPR curves. If the **SPR1 in New Windows** mode is selected (this mode can be selected via the [pop-up menu](#) or [main menu](#)), then each new curve is plotted in a separate window. At this, the curve number is displayed in the window title. Otherwise, all curves are plotted in the same window. In this case the **Auto Clear SPR1** mode can be switched on.

Data plots read from the file are always displayed in a separate window.

On the OX axis the angle in degrees is laid off:

with the **Absolute angle** mode off – the prism turning angle,

with the **Absolute angle** mode on – the angle of incidence of light on the input face of the prism when the **in Air** mode is selected, or the angle of incidence of light on the top face of the prism when the **in Glass** mode is selected. These modes can be set via the [Status bar](#), in the dialog box brought up by pressing the “Set Options” button or from the menu (see [Data processing](#)).

Signal magnitudes measured in the enabled channels are laid off along the OY axis in arbitrary units.

When operating in the **Multiple** mode, SPR curves corresponding to all 8 measurement channels and their minimum positions are displayed in the window, if they has been found.


If the **SPR1 legend** element flag is set in the [Service options](#) window, then the curves marking table is displayed to the right of the curves.

When operating in the **Single** mode, SPR curves corresponding to all 32 device photodetectors are displayed in the window. The window has special tools that allow examining the correspondence between curves and photodetectors and selecting the photodetectors, which data will be used for kinetic measurements.

Window operation in this mode is described in detail in [Single measurement](#) section.

4.2.1.1 ClearSPR1

Clearing the SPR1 window

 The SPR1 window can operate in two modes: 1) all measured curves are plotted in the same window or 2) a new window is opened for every curve. Representation mode can be switched via the [pop-up menu](#) (**SPR1 in New Window**) or via the [main menu](#) (**Window/SPR1 in New Window**). Window clearing is intended for removing the old curves when operating in the 1 mode.

If the **Auto Clear SPR1** mode is switched off when operating in the 1 mode, then all measured curves are plotted in the SPR1 window. If the clearing mode is switched on, then not more than 16 lately measured curves will be displayed in the window.

4.2.2 SPR2 window

SPR2 window



Windows of this type open automatically when it is necessary.

The **SPR2 window** is used during the operation in [Multiple](#) and [Slope](#) modes. It is intended for presentation of kinetic plots of the process under study. Curves displayed in this window represent the kinetics of the angular position of the SPR curves minima (in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode) or the signal magnitudes measured by enabled channels (in the [Slope](#) mode).

The horizontal scale (time axis) is set automatically.

The initial window vertical scale is automatically adjusted to display all the measured values. In the course of the measurements vertical scale of the window can be changed in the following way:

- switch the set **Auto** mode to the **Link Graphics** mode. This can be done via the [pop-up menu](#) or via the [Status bar](#);
- change the [SPR1](#) window scale to zoom into the curves region of interest. The SPR2 window scale will be changed automatically;
- switch the **Link Graphics** mode to the **Fix Left Axis** mode. The chosen vertical scale will be fixed.

The window can be also controlled via the [Set options](#) window.

In the right top corner of the window the following information is displayed:

- Current timer value. Clicking on the timer twice brings up a separate timer window, which can be dragged to any desirable position in the screen. To hide this window, click on it twice.
- The measurement time for the last data point.

It is possible to switch the curve points markers and the curve marking table (legend) on/off from the [pop-up menu](#) or in the options set-up window.

The following determination service possibilities are provided for processing of the data that are represented in the window:

- Mouse pointer coordinates determination.
- Determination of the distance between two points along the X and Y coordinates.
- Determination of the distances along the Y coordinates.


These service possibilities are available from the [pop-up menu](#). Operation results are displayed in two panels located in the bottom left corner of the window.

Service possibilities are more fully described in the [Data processing](#) section.

4.2.3 Subsidiary window

Subsidiary window



Windows of this type can be opened by pressing the  **Subsidiary Channel** button in the main window.

The **Subsidiary window** is intended for displaying the signal of the subsidiary channel that measures the external signal voltage.

Information displayed in this window can be saved in a file. Information is saved automatically when saving information displayed in the **SPR 2** window in text format (see [Data saving](#)). The window can be also copied to clipboard or printed.

For more detailed information about this window and the subsidiary channel see [Subsidiary Channel](#) section.

4.2.4 Notes window

Notes window



Windows of this type can be opened from the main menu: **Window/Notes**.

The **Notes window** is intended for typing any user's text comments to the measurement process.

Additionally, the following information is put into the window as a separate line:

- Current date and time upon the mouse click on the date or time representation fields in the **Notes** window;
- Results of service measurements (distance between two points, distance along the Y coordinates, curve gradient) in the [SPR2 window](#) upon the mouse click on this results representation fields in the **SPR 2** window;
- Current experiment time upon the mouse click on the current time timer.

Information displayed in this window is saved automatically when saving information displayed in the **SPR 2** window in text format.

The **Notes** windows can display the information previously saved from this window.

4.2.5 View window

View window



This window can be opened from the main menu: **Window/View**.

The **View window** is intended for simultaneous representation of many previously obtained results. This window can represent either SPR curves or kinetic curves. Type of the curves represented is defined by the type of the curve which was loaded first in the window.

The curves for representation can be read from previously saved ***.sp18**, ***.sp28** files.

4.2.6 Monitor window

Monitor window



This window can be opened from the main menu: **Tools/Monitor**.

The **Monitor window** is intended for:

- displaying and specifying the cell temperature.
- displaying and specifying the temperature of the additional channel of the laser temperature stabilization.
- displaying the current and specifying the limiting power supply voltage.

Note: If the power voltage decreases to the limiting value, device operation will be blocked and the window with corresponding warning will be displayed.

The page contains 3 strings:

The **Cellt, C** string contains elements corresponding to the cell temperature: elements that indicate measured (at the left) and specified (at the right) temperature and an indicator button for switching the temperature stabilization mode on/off.

The **Temp2, C** string is similar to the previous string but it corresponds to the laser temperature. This string is not used in the current device model.

The **Battery, V** string contains elements for displaying the power supply voltage (at the left) and specifying the power supply voltage at which the power supply emergency warning window is displayed (at the right).

4.2.7 Pop-up Menu

Pop-up menus



All program windows are possessed of the pop-up menus. The pop-up menu is called by the mouse click on the correspondent window using the right mouse button. For the most of windows the pop-up menu contains the following items:

Align – in its turn, contains embedded menu that controls the windows arrangement. All submenu items have standard meaning except the **Normalized** item. When this item is selected, the SPR1 window is placed in the left third part of the screen and has the full screen height, and the SPR2 window is placed on the right from the SPR1 window. If the Subsidiary window is opened, the SPR2 window height is halved and the Subsidiary window is placed underneath the SPR2 window. Such windows arrangement is used as default.

Copy Clipboard – copies the contents of the window, which the pop-up menu was called from, to

the system Clipboard.

Save Graphic – saves the information contained in the window, which the pop-up menu was called from, to the file (see [Save file](#)).

Print – prints out the plot contained in the window, which the pop-up menu was called from, using the system printer (see [Print](#)).

Delete Window – deletes the window, which the pop-up menu was called from.

*Note: **This is the only method to delete the already open windows.***

Pop-up menu in each window contains specific items in addition to the common items.

4.2.7.1 SPR1 window pop-up menu

SPR1 window pop-up menu



This pop-up menu contains the following items:

Auto Clear SPR1 – turns on the mode, during which not more than 16 curves are plotted in the window. After that the window is cleared, and the next 16 curves are plotted etc. This mode can be also turned on via the [Status bar](#).

SPR1 in New Windows – when this option is turned on, each measured SPR curve is plotted in a separate window. Otherwise, all curves are displayed in the same window. This menu item is duplicated in the main [menu](#).

Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is to the right of the plots.

4.2.7.2 SPR2 window pop-up menu

SPR2 window pop-up menu



This pop-up menu contains the following items:

The **Link mode** submenu contains:

Auto – OY axis scale of the plot in the SPR 2 window is selected automatically. This is a default mode.

Link – when the plot scale in the SPR 1 window is changed, the OY axis scale of the plot in the SPR 2 window changes automatically.

Fix – fixes the OY axis scale previously specified (e.g. in **Link** mode).

The **Axis-units** submenu contains elements that define measurement units for outputting the kinetics plot.

Angle degree – measurement units – degrees.

Angle minute – measurement units – angular minutes.

Angle second – measurement units – angular seconds.

Refr.Index – the measured kinetics is converted to the effective value of refractive index of the medium.

During the operation in the [Slope](#) mode **Axis-units** submenu elements are available, if the **Degree** mode is turned on that can be switched on in the **Set Options** page of the **Options** window. When the

measurement is carried out in this mode, measured signal level is converted to the effective angular position change.

The **Tools** submenu contains elements for turning on the service possibilities for processing of the data represented in the window.

Coordinate – turns on the mode of mouse pointer coordinates determination while it moves over the plot.

Distance – turns on the mode of determination of the distance between two sequentially specified plot points. The distances along the X and Y coordinates are determined separately.

Show Reference – turns on/off the Reference channels display (only visual display!).

Redraw – initiates the window redraw.

Lookup Table – shows the table that displays a correspondence between photodetector numbers (physical channels) and measurement channels (Spots).

SPR2 marks – when this item is selected, the points on the curves displayed in the **SPR 2** window are marked with markers. This function is similar to the function of the **SPR2 marks** element in the [Options](#) window.

Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table that is to the right of the plots.

4.2.7.3 Subsidiary window pop-up menu

Subsidiary window pop-up menu



This pop-up menu contains the following items:

Independence – when this option is selected, the independent operation mode is switched on. In this mode the measurement starts immediately after the window is opened and it is performed periodically after a period of time specified by the timer. Otherwise, the measurement is performed simultaneously with the SPR kinetics measurement. It means that the measurement is performed when the next kinetics point is determined.

Note: If any SPR kinetics measurement is switched on, the instrument will automatically switch to the synchronous operation mode.

The **Tools** submenu contains elements for turning on the service possibilities for processing of the data represented in the window.

Coordinate – turns on the mode of mouse pointer coordinates determination while it moves over the plot.

Gradient – turns on the mode of determination of the curve gradient between two selected points.

Subsidiary marks – when this item is selected, the points on the curves displayed in the **Subsidiary** window are marked with markers. This function is similar to the function of the **Subsidiary marks** element in the [Options](#) window.

Averaging – turns on/off the averaging mode. Number of points which are averaged is defined on the **Data processing** page in the [Options](#) window.

4.2.7.4 View window pop-up menu

View window pop-up menu



This pop-up menu contains the following items:

Add File – adds kinetic from the new file to the window.

Clear – clears the window.





Axis Auto – if this option is set, the scale is selected automatically in such a way that all

displayed information is visible. Otherwise, the maximal value is set equal to the maximal OY scale value of all kinetic curves loaded, and minimal value is set equal to the minimal OY scale value of all kinetic curves loaded.

Legend – controls the representation of the curves marking table which is to the right of the plots.

4.3 Data saving

Data saving

-  [Save file](#) – save data to a file of prescribed type.
-  [Automatic data saving](#) in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode.
 - [Data files format](#) – text files format (*.sp18 and *.sp28 files).
-  [Copy to Clipboard](#) - copying information from the window to clipboard.
-  [Print graphics](#) – printing the plot on a printer.

4.3.1 Save as

Save File

 Data saving to a file in text (*.sp18, *.sp28) or in graphical format (*.BMP or *.WMF).

If this command is sent using the **Save data to file** [button](#), then the program will suggest saving data in the currently active window (the active window is indicated by color); if this command is sent from the [pop-up menu](#), then the program will save data contained in that window, which pop-up menu the command has been sent from.

After sending the command the program requests the file name and opens it for writing. File format is determined by the file name extension the user has defined in response on the system request.

Note: Information from the **SPR2** and **Subsidiary** windows is saved simultaneously and is stored in the same file. Information contained in the **Notes** window is stored in a separate file, which is saved simultaneously with the **SPR2** window.

It is recommended to keep all data files in the “Data” folder, which is created automatically during installation of the program.


Data saved in the text format can be read using the [Open data file](#) command or on starting the application using the [Command line](#).

For more detailed information about *.sp18 and *.sp28 file formats see [Data files format](#) section.

Note: If some files were not saved, then the program will suggest saving them on exit.

4.3.2 Auto Save

Automatic data saving

 Automatic data saving mode is intended for automatic saving of SPR and kinetics curves to text files in the *.sp18 and *.sp28 formats, correspondingly. Automatic data saving of SPR curves is available only in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode while automatic saving of kinetics curves is available

in any kinetics measurement mode.

To switch the automatic data saving mode on/off, open the options setting window ([Set Options](#)) and select the **Multiple** or **Slope** page.

For automatic saving of SPR curves, switch on the **SPR 1** option. If this mode is on, then after beginning of the measurement in the [Multiple measurement](#) mode a dialog window **AutoSave data as text** is opened. It is possible to select or introduce the base file name in this window. After the measurement of each SPR curve, the program will save data to the file with a name, received by addition of the file number to the base name.

If the SPR curves saving mode is enabled, the [AutoSave](#) button in the main window becomes available. This button can be used for on-the-fly switching curves saving on/off in the course of the measurements.

After each file is saved, its name appears in the rightmost field of the [Status bar](#).

By default automatic saving of SPR curves is disabled, and it can be enabled as described above or by opening the SPR2 file previously saved with the enabled automatic data saving mode.

For automatic saving of kinetics curves, switch on the **SPR 2** option. Switching this mode on activates the **Period, min** element that allows specifying the period of autosaving for SPR2 and Subsidiary windows data. If this mode is on, SPR2 and Subsidiary windows data are periodically saved in a file named "**SPR2.sp28**". To change the file name, press the **File** button and introduce a new name.


After each file is saved, its name appears in the rightmost field of the [Status bar](#).

The state of the SPR2 autosaving mode (on/off) is stored when you exit the program and is used as a default setting at the next program starting.

Note: Up to 999 files can be saved in this way. In case of need to save more data files, switch the automatic data saving mode off, introduce another base file name and switch it on again.

4.3.3 Copy Clipboard

Copy Clipboard

 Copying the data from the **SPR1**, **SPR2**, **View** or **Subsidiary** window into the system Clipboard for further use in other applications.

If this command is sent using the [Button](#) or from the main [Menu](#), the data displayed in the currently active window will be copied to Clipboard. The active window is indicated by the change of its color.

If this command is sent from the [pop-up Menu](#), the data displayed in the window, which pop-up menu the command has been sent from, will be copied to Clipboard.

4.3.4 Print graphic

Print graphics

 Copying the plot displayed in the **SPR1**, **SPR2**, **View** or **Subsidiary** window to the printer.

If this command is sent using the [Button](#) or from the main [Menu](#), the data displayed in the currently active window will be printed out. The active window is indicated by the change of its color.

If this command is sent from the [pop-up Menu](#), the data displayed in the window, which pop-up menu the command has been sent from, will be printed out.

4.4 Data files format

Data files format



Experimental data can be saved to files in the ***.sp18**, ***.sp28**, ***.bmp** and ***.wmf** formats.

The ***.sp18** and ***.sp28** files are text files corresponding to the **SPR 1** and **SPR 2** windows, respectively.

The ***.sp18** file has the following format:

The first string contains the following service information: window name (sp1-8), number of the points, initial and final OX axis values (in angular minutes), initial and final OY axis values (in relative units), information about the coordinates, which the data and correction value (in angular minutes) are recorded in.

Information about the coordinates, which the data is recorded in, can have the following values: **degree** or **a.m.** – information is recorded in the relative angles; **deg.(air)** or **a.m.(air)** – absolute values of angles of incidence of light on the prism; **deg.(glass)** or **a.m.(glass)** – absolute values of angles of departure of light from the prism.

Angular values are recorded in angular minutes.

The second string consists of the headers of data columns located below.

The third string contains numbers of photodetectors (physical channels) that correspond to measurement channels (Spots).

In the first data column angle values are recorded in tens of angular seconds (e.g. 120 means 1200 angular seconds or 20 angular minutes), in the rest of the columns signal values in the enabled channels are recorded in relative units. If the column is filled with zeros, the channel corresponding to this column is disabled.

The ***.sp28** file has the following format:

The first string contains the following service information: window name (spr2-8 or spr3-8), number of the points, initial and final OX axis values, initial and final OY axis values, information about the coordinates, which the information is recorded in.

Information about the coordinates, which the information is recorded in, has the same values as for the **SPR 1** window (see above).

The second string consists of the headers of data columns located below.

In the [Multiple measurement](#) mode time in seconds is recorded in the first column and angle in tens of angular seconds, corresponding to the minimum positions of the 1..8 channels, is recorded in the subsequent columns.

If the measurements in Subsidiary channel have been carried out, these data will be recorded in the tenth column.

If the temperature monitoring has been carried out, temperature data will be recorded in the eleventh column.

In the [Slope](#) mode in the first column time is recorded in seconds, if the measurement delay exceeds 1 second (**Period, 0.1s** exceeds 10); otherwise, time is recorded in 0.1 s. Second and next columns contain signal values of 1..8 channels. If the measurements in Subsidiary channel or

temperature monitoring have been carried out, these data will be recorded in subsequent columns.

The **Subsidiary** window data are saved simultaneously with data contained in the **SPR2** window in the same file.

The **Notes** window data are saved simultaneously with data contained in the **SPR2** window in a separate file, which has the same name as the **SPR2** data file but with the *.txt extension.

4.5 Open files

Open File

 Reading data files, previously saved in the text format (*.sp18, *.sp28).

When this command is sent, the program requests a file name, opens corresponding windows for the selected file and loads the data from the file in these windows. Working with these data has no difference from working with the obtained experimental data.

It is possible to load data files in different ways. If the [View](#) window is opened, then the files are loaded into this window. If this window is not opened, then the file is loaded into the SPR1 or SPR2 window depending on the file type.

The following actions are carried out when loading the SPR2 data file:

- search for the **Subsidiary** window information in the file. When such information is found, then this window is opened.
- search for the file with **Notes** window information. When such file is found, then this window is opened.

If the [Multiple measurement](#) mode has been operated with the [Automatic data saving](#) mode switched on, then autosaved SPR curve files can be also viewed.

4.6 Open automatically saved files

Viewing the automatically saved files

 Reading data files, previously saved automatically in the [Automatic data saving](#) mode.

If the [Multiple measurement](#) mode has been operated with the **Automatic data saving** mode switched on, then autosaved SPR curve files can be also viewed. To do this, proceed as follows:

- Use the [Open file](#) command to open the file containing the kinetics data (SPR2). The SPR2 window that contains the kinetics plot will be opened.
- Switch on the **SPR2 Marks** mode from the pop-up menu of the SPR2 window if it has not been set.

- With the CTRL keyboard key pressed, click on the point of interest on the kinetics curve with the left mouse button. If the SPR curve file that corresponds to this point is found, the SPR1 window will open and this file will be loaded in this window. If the file is not found, the program will display a corresponding warning message.

Alternatively, the automatically saved SPR curve files can be viewed as [usual files](#) in *.sp18 format

Index

- A -

Adjustment mode 9
Advanced Options 18
Auto Save data 33

- B -

Buttons 12

- C -

Calibration of device 8
Clear of SPR1 28
Close 23
Color setup options 17
Command line 23
Contents 4
Customize of tools panel 13

- D -

Data presentation 26
Data processing 24
Data saving 33
Data-file format 35
Device Information 23

- E -

Exit 23

- F -

Forma Notes 29
Forma SPR1 27
Forma SPR2 28
Forma Subsidiary 29
Forma View 30
Forms 26

- K -

Kinetics measurement in Express 6
Kinetics Restart 10

- M -

Main Form 11
Main Menu 11
Main window 11
Managing Channel 6
Measurement modes 5
Measurements termination 10
Monitor Options 19
Monitoring 21
Multiple measurement 6
Multiple options 15

- N -

Notes window 29

- O -

Optics Options 18
Options 15

- P -

Pause 10
Popup Menu 30
Print graphics 34
Pump 19
Pump operation programming 20

- R -

Read AutoConserved files 36
Restart of device 22
Review window 30

- S -

Save Data 33

Save to file	33
Service Options	17
Set Options	15
Single measurement	5
Single Options	17
Slope mode	7
Slope Options	16
SPR1 window	27
SPR2 window	28
Status Bar	13
Stop	10
Subsidiary Calibration	9
Subsidiary channel	9
Subsidiary window	29
System requirements	4

- T -

Table of contents	4
Temperature stabilization	21
Toolbar setup	13

- V -

View window	30
-------------	----

Endnotes 2... (after index)

Back Cover